OPJS UNIVERSITY, CHURU (RAJ.)



SYLLABUS

OF

LL.M. (TWO YEAR)

PROGRAM

OPJS UNIVERSITY, CHURU (RAJASTHAN)



Course Structure for LL.M. under Semester System to Come into force from Academic Session 2013-14.

LL.M.(Two-Years)

(SEMESTER-WISE)

LL.M.
SEMESTER & SYLLABUS STRUCTURE

FIRST SEMESTER

500 MARKS.

LLM-101-PAPER-I - Legal Theory-I

LLM-102-PAPER-II - Indian Constitution Law : New Challenges- I LLM-103-PAPER-III - Legal Education & Research Methodology - I

LLM-104-PAPER-IV - Legislation Principle-I LLM-111-PAPER-V - Seminar / Viva – Voce

SECOND SEMESTER

500 MARKS.

LLM-201-PAPER-I - Legal Theory-II

LLM-202- PAPER-II - Indian Constitution Law: New Challenges- II LLM-203- PAPER-III - Legal Education & Research Methodology - II LLM-204- PAPER-IV - Legislation Methods and Interpretation – II

LLM-211- PAPER-V - Seminar / Viva - Voce

THIRD SEMESTER

500 MARKS.

Specialization: (A)Tort & Crime

TC-301-PAPER-I - General Principle of Torts

TC-302-PAPER-II - General Principle of Crime and Offences under the Indian Penal

Code.

TC-303-PAPER-III - Comparative Criminal Procedure

TC-304-PAPER-IV - Law Relating to Rehabilitation and Treatment of Offenders-I

TC-305-PAPER-V - Recent Legal Development in Tort & Crime

Specialization: (B)Personal Law

PL-301-PAPER-I - Hindu Jurisprudence & Law Relating to Joint Family
PL-302- PAPER-II - Hindu Law Relating to Adoption and Maintenance
PL-303-PAPER-III - Muslim Jurisprudence and Matrimonial Laws
PL-304-PAPER-IV - Personal Laws Relating to Indian Christian & Parasi

PL-305-PAPER-V - Recent Legal Development in Personal law

FOURTH SEMESTER

500 MARKS

Specialization: (A)Tort & Crime

TC-401-PAPER-I - Specific Wrong

TC-402-PAPER-II - Law Relating to Specific offences under the Indian Penal Code TC-403-PAPER-III - Law Relating to Rehabilitation and Treatment of Offenders-II

TC-404- PAPER-IV - Law Relating to Special Penal Legislation Relating to Women

TC-405- PAPER-V - Dissertation

Specialization: (B)Personal Law

PL-401-PAPER-I - Un-Codified & Codified Hindu Law relating to Marriage
PL-402-PAPER-II - Hindu Law relating to Minority, Guardianship & Succession

PL-403-PAPER-III - Muslim Law relating to Property

PL-404-PAPER-IV - Law Relating to Special Marriage Act, 1954

PL-405-PAPER-V - Dissertation

-: LL.M. Course Detail Subject-wise :-

(Semester-I)

Note:

- 1. The all papers of LL.M. should be encouraging postgraduate student to comparative study, analyses, and articulate essential feature and principles (if any) of the subject.
- 2. New developments, amendments and latest case law in any concerned field shall be part of the syllabus.
- 3. Duration of each theory paper for exam: Three Hrs.
- 4. The Theory papers of each subject will be of 100 marks. The all Question Paper for theory exam contains eight questions. Student will be attempting any four questions. Each question carries twenty five marks.

Paper- I- Legal Theory- I

- 1. Definition, Scope, Importance and nature of Jurisprudence.
- 2. Purpose and value of Jurisprudence.
- 3. Various Schools of Jurisprudence, like:
 - i. Natural Law School,
 - ii. Imperative School,
 - iii. Sociological School,
 - iv. Historical School,

v. Realistic School, etc.

4. Sources of Law: Custom, Legislation, Judicial Precedents etc. (Chief exponents of these schools, background, basic tenets, contribution and Indian context or relevance.)

Suggested Readings:

1. Austin: Lecture on Jurisprudence

2. Salmond: Jurisprudence

3. Julius Stone: The Province and Function of Law 4. Pound: An Introduction to the Philosophy of Law

5. HLA Hart: The Concept of Law

6. Friendmann: Legal Theory

7. Dias: Jurisprudence

8. S. N. Dhyani: Law, Morality and Justice Indian Development 9. Anirudha Prasad: Vidhi Sastra Ke Mool Shidhant (Hindi)

10. V.D. Mahajan: Jurisprudence

11.Dr. N.V.Paranjpe: Jurisprudence(Hindi/English)

Paper- II- Indian Constitution Law: New Challenges- I

- 1. Historical Background of Indian Constitution, its development and changing system established over decades ago.
- 2. Characteristics of Indian Constitution, Nature and salient feature of Indian Constitution with changing social order and its adaptability.
- 3. Preamble of Indian Constitution and its nature.
- 4. Fundamental Rights, its development and their Judicial Interpretations.
- 5. Directive Principles, its Judicial Interpretations and their relation with Fundamental Rights.
- 6. Fundamental Duties.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. H.M. Seervai: Constitutional Law of India.
- 2. M.P. Jain: Constitutional Law.
- 3. M.C.J. Kagzi: The Constitution of India.
- 4. VSN Sukla: Commentary on the Constitution of India.
- 5. D.D. Basu: Commentares on the Constitution of India.(Hindi/English)
- 6. Ville Austin: Indian Constitution.
- 7. B.K. Sharma: An Introduction to the Constitution of India.
- 8. Dr.J.N.Panday: The Constitution of India.(Hindi/English)

PAPER-III- Legal Education & Research Methodology - I

- 1.Objective of Legal Education, Methods of teaching, (the problem method, discussion method and seminar methods).
- 2. Student participation in law school/college programmes, organization of seminars.
- 3. Clinical legal education- legal aid, legal literacy, legal survey and law reforms.
- 4. Various research methods.
- 5. Identification of problems, formulation of the research problem and techniques of sampling for research.
- 6. Collection of relevant historical & comparative materials.
- 7. Classification and tabulation of data and analysis of these data.
- 8. Preparation of the research design.
- 9. Jurimetrics.
- 10. Presentation.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. High Brayal, Nigam, Dunean, and Richard Crimes: Clinical Legal Education: Active Learning in your Law School (1998) Blackstine Press Limited, London.
- 2. S.K. Agrawal (Ed.): Legal Education in India (1973) Tripathi Pub., Bombay.
- 3. N.R. Madhava Menaon (Ed.) A Handbook of Clinical Legal Education (1998) Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- 4. M.O. Price: Elective Legal Research (1978)
- 5. C.R. Kothari: Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques.
- 6. Java Prakash: Research Methodology.
- 7. Pauling vs Yong: Scientific Social Survey and Research.
- 8. Erwin C. Surrency: A Guide to Legal Research.
- 9. ILI Publication, Legal Research and Methodology.
- 10. R.M. Deepak Kumar: Social Research Methodology. Etc.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bentham: Theory of Legislation
- 2. Jethrow Brown: Underlying Principles of Modern Legislation
- 3. Dicey: Law and Public Opinion in England
- 4. Ginsberg: Law and Public Opinion in England in the 20th Century
 - 5. Illbert: Mechanism of Law making.
 - 6. P.M. Bakshi: Legislative Drafting.
 - 7. G.P. Singh: Interpretation of Statutes.
 - 8. 9. V.P. Sarathi: Interpretation of Statutes.

(Semester-II)

Paper-I-Legal Theory-II

- 1. Administration of Justice: Civil & Criminal;
- 2. Legal Concept, State, Sovereignty, Law etc.
- 3. Legal Rights;
- 4. Legal Duties;
- 5. Possession:
- 6. Ownership;
- 7. Legal Person;
- 8. Liability.
- 9. Obligation.
- 10. Property

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Holmes: The Common Law
- 2. Austin: Lecture on Jurisprudence
- 3. Allen: Law in Making
- 4. Salmond : Jurisprudence
- 5. Paton: A Text Book of Jurisprudence
- 6. Julius Stone : The Province and Function of Law
- 7. Pound : An Introduction to the Philosophy of Law
- 8. HLA Hart : The Concept of Law
- 9. Friendmann: Legal Theory
- 10. Dias : Jurisprudence
- 11. S. N. Dhyani: Law, Morality and Justice Indian Development
- 12. Anirudha Prasad : Vidhi Sastra Ke Mool Shidhant (Hindi)
- 13. John Rawls: Theory of Justice

14. Lluod: Introduction to Jurisprudence

15. Lon Fuller : Morality of Law 16. V.D. Mahajan : Jurisprudence

Paper-II-Indian Constitution Law: New Challenges- II

- 1. Parliament and Government of Union and States. President of India and Governors in States; Legislative Process and Privileges.
- 2. Supreme Court of India and High Courts.
- 3. Center-State Relations.
- 4. Emergency and President Rule.
- 5. Amendment of Indian Constitution.
- 6. Contractual and Tortious Liability.
- 7. Freedom of Trade and Commerce.
- 8. Services under Centre and State.
- 9. Special Provisions.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. H.M. Seervai: Constitutional Law of India.
- 2. M.P. Jain: Constitutional Law.
- 3. M.C.J. Kagzi: The Constitution of India.
- 4. V.N Sukla: Commentary on the Constitution of India.
- 5. D.D. Basu: Commentares on the Constitution of India.
- 6. G Austin: Indian Constitution.
- 7. Various Relevant Articles, Cases and Law Journals.
- 8. B.K. Sharma: An Introduction to the Constitution of India.
- 9. J.N. Pandey: The constitution of India (English & Hindi)

Part-I - Techniques of Data Collection

- i. Types
- ii. Sources
- iii. Techniques of data collection observation, interview, questionnaire
- iv. interview schedule
- v. Case study method
- vi. Content analysis
- vii. Data analysis: Classification, tabulation, graphic representation

Part-II

- i. Analysis of data-Processing of data-classification of data
- ii. Interpretation of data-Necessity of interpretation-Methods of interpretation
- iii. Research report-Legal thesis writing-Steps in thesis writing-Layout of thesis-chapter arrangement

Suggested Readings:

- 1.S.K.Agarwal, Legal Education in India (1973)
- 2. N.P.Madhava Menon, A hand book of clinical legal education
- 3. ILI Publication, Legal research and methodology
- 4. R.M.Deepak kumar, Social Research Methodology
- 5. Jaya Prakash, Research Methodology
- 6.H.N.Tiwari, Legal Research Methodology
- 7. C.R.Kothari, Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques

PAPER-IV-Legislation Methods and Interpretation -II

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Bentham: Theory of Legislation
- 2. Jethrow Brown: Underlying Principles of Modern Legislation
- 3. Dicey: Law and Public Opinion in England
- 4. Ginsberg: Law and Public Opinion in England in the 20th Century
 - 5. Illbert: Mechanism of Law making.
 - 6. P.M. Bakshi: Legislative Drafting.
 - 7. G.P. Singh: Interpretation of Statutes.

- 8. 9. V.P. Sarathi: Interpretation of Statutes.
- 9. Bindra, N.S.: Interpretation of Statutes

(Semester-III)

-:{Specialization: (A)Tort & Crime}:-

Paper-I-General Principle of Torts

- **I.** Definition and nature; foundation of tortuous liability
- **II.** General conditions of liability in tort; mental elements in law of torts;
- **III.** General exceptions to liability in tort; discharge of tort remedies for torts
- **IV.** Doctrine of remoteness of damages and nervous shock; joint tort feasors and vicarious liability.

Suggested readings:

1. Street: Torts

2. Pollock : on torts

3. Salmond: The law of torts

4. Winfield : A text book of law of torts5. Rattan lal, Dhiraj lal : Law of torts

6. Gandhi B.M.: Torts

7. Dr.S.K.Kapoor: The law of torts

under the Indian Penal Code.

1. General Principles of Criminal Law.

- 2. The Indian Penal Code, 1860: Territorial Jurisdiction, Stages of Crime: Doctrine of Mens era; Inchoat crimes - Preparation, attempt, General Explanation; Public Servant, Movable Property - Wrongful gain and wrongful loss; Dishonesty, Fraudulently, Reason to believe, Counterfeit; Valuable Security 'Act' and 'Omission', Voluntarily, Injury, Good faith, Illegal Injury, Offence, Document, Harbour, Judge.
- 3. General Exceptions: (A) Mistake of Facts and Mistake of Law, Judicial Act, Accident, Act done without criminal intention and to prevent other harm; Act of person of unsound mind, Act of intoxicated person.
 - (B) Acts done with consent, Act done in good faith without consent, Communit cation made in good faith, acts one under compulsion. Act causing slight harm: Right of Private defence.
- 4. Joint Liability: Common intention, Common object, Abetment, Criminal Conspiracy, Constructive Liability.
- 5. Offences Affecting the Human Body: Culpable homicide, murder, Criminal negligence and rashness, Attempt to commit murder and suicide miscarriage, hurt, Grievous hurt, Voluntary restraint and wrongful confinement force and criminal force, Assault, Kidnapping and abduction.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Nigam, R.C. : [][][]
- 2. Bhattacharya T. : _____ ___ ___ ___
- 3. Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal: The Indian Penal Code (St. Ed.)
- 4. Nigam, R.C.: Principles of Criminal Law (English & Hindi).
- 5. Shamshul Huda: Principles of Criminal Law.
- 6. Hari Singh Gaur: Penal Law of India.
- 7. T. Bhattacharya: Indian Penal Code (English & Hindi)
- 8. Amar Singh yadav: Indian Penal Code (Hindi).
- 9. Raja Ram Yadav: Indian Penal Code (Hindi)

- Organization of Courts and Prosecuting Agencies: Hierarchy of Crriminal Courta and their Jurisdiction, Nyaya Panchayats in India. Panchayats in tribal areas, Organization of Prosecuting agencies for prosecuting criminal cases: prosecutors and the police, withdrawal of prosecution.
- II. Preventive Measures in India: Provisions in the Criminal Procedure Code, Special enactments, Public Interest Litigation: Directions for Criminal Prosecution.
- III. Pre-trial Procedures: Arrest and questioning of the accused. The right of Accused. The evidentiary value of statements/articles and the judicial officer in the Police, Right to counsel, Roles of the prosecutor system of trial and the inquisitorial system, role of the judge, the judge, the prosecutor or anddefense attorney in the trial.
- **IV.** Admissibility and inadmissibility of evidence, expert evidence, Appeal of the Court awarding appropriate punishment, pleabargaining.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Ceylia Hampton: Criminal Procedure
- 2. Wikins and Cross: Outline of the Law of Evidence
- 3. Sankar: Law of Evidence
- 4. Dr.N.V.Pranipe: Criminal Procedure-1973
- 5. Dr.B.L.Babel: Criminal Procedure-1973
- 6. Ratan Law, Dhiraj Lal: Criminal Procedure-1973

Paper-IV-Law Relating to Rehabilitation and Treatment of Offenders-I

Introductory Definitions of Penology Theories of Punishment : Retribution, Utilitarian Prevention : Deterrence

Utilitarian: Intimidation

Behavioral prevention: Incapacitation, Rehabilitation, Expiation, Classical Hindu and

Islamic approaches to punishment, The Problematic of Capital punishment.

-:{Specialization: (B) Personal Law }:-

Paper-I-Hindu Jurisprudence & Law Relating to Joint Family

Sources, Schools and Application of Hindu Law; Coparcenery, Coparcenery Property, its Incidents, Management and Alienation- Karta and its Power; Partition; and Religious and Charitable Endowments.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Raghvachariar : Hindu Law
- 2. Sahary H.K.: Law of Marriage and Divorce
- 3. Paras Diwan : Modern Hindu Law
- 4. Mitra: Principles of Hindu Law
- 5. Mulla: The Principles of Hindu Law
- 6. Sen,P.N.: Hindu Jurisprudence
- 7. Sharma B.K.: Law of Divorce
- 8. Kesri U.P.D.: Hindu Law
- 9. Morya R.R.: Hindu Law.

Adoption: Its meaning, nature and essential conditions and effects.

Maintenance: Various grounds for separate Residence and Maintenance of a Hindu Wife, Widowed Daughter-in-Law and Children in and Infirm or Aged parents.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Raghvachariar: Hindu Law
- 2. Sahary H.K.: Law of Marriage and Divorce
- 3. Paras Diwan : Modern Hindu Law4. Mitra : Principles of Hindu Law
- 5. Mulla: The Principles of Hindu Law
- Sen,P.N.: Hindu Jurisprudence
 Sharma B.K.: Law of Divorce
 Kesri U.P.D.: Hindu Law
- 9. Morya R.R. : Hindu Law.

Paper-III-Muslim Jurisprudence and Matrimonial Laws

Various phases and development of Muslim Law; sources, schools and application of Muslim Law; Marriage; Dower; Dissolution of marriage; Guardianship and Custody of minor children; Acknowledgement of paternity and Legitimacy of Children.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Tyabji :Mohammedan Law
- 2. Ameer Ali : Mohammedan Law
- 3. Abdur Rahim: The Principle of Mohammedan Jurispridence
- 4. Akil Ahamad : Mohammedan Law
- 5. Sharma Bharu Sarkar: Mohammedan Law
- 6. Mulla: Mohammedan Law
- 7. Fyzee AAA: Outlines of Mohammedan Law
- 8. Tahir Mehmood: Muslim Law.

The Indian Christian Marriage Act,1872; Indian Divorce Act,1869; Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act,1936. Customary Laws of the Jews relating to marriage and Matrimonial causes.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Paras Diwan: Family Law, Vol.I and II
- 2. Dasai Kumud: Indian Law Marriage and Divorce
- 3. Beri B.P.: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India
- 4. Commentaries and cases of the Supreme Court & Court of Iindia.

Paper- V - Recent Legal Development in Personal law

(Semester-IV)

-:{Specialization: (A)Tort & Crime}:-

Paper-I-Specific Wrong

- 1. Negligence, Contributory Negligence
- 2. Defamation
- 3. Strict and Absolute liability
- 4. Nuisance
- 5. Assault Battery, False imprisonment
- 6. Tort of Malicious Abuse of Legal Process

- 7. Tort Relating to Immovable & Movable Property
- 8. Tort of Injurious falsehood.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Street: Torts
- 2. Pollock : on torts
- 3. Salmond: The law of torts
- 4. Winfield : A text book of law of torts5. Rattan lal, Dhiraj lal : Law of torts
- 6. Gandhi B.M.: Torts
- 7. Dr.S.K.Kapoor: The law of torts

Paper-II-Law Relating to Specific offences under the Indian Penal Code

Offences against human body, Offences against human property, Offences against Marriage, Offences relating to defamation.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Nigam, R.C. : [][][]
- 2. Bhattacharya T. : _____ ___ ___ ___
- 3. Ratan Lal Dhiraj Lal: The Indian Penal Code (St. Ed.)
- 4. Nigam, R.C.: Principles of Criminal Law (English & Hindi).
- 5. Shamshul Huda: Principles of Criminal Law.
- 6. Hari Singh Gaur: Penal Law of India.
- 7. T. Bhattacharya: Indian Penal Code (English & Hindi)
- 8. Amar Singh yadav: Indian Penal Code (Hindi).
- 9. Raja Ram Yadav: Indian Penal Code (Hindi)

Punishment: Constitutionality of Capital Punishment
Judicial Attitudes through the statue law and case law towards capital
punishment in India-An inquiry, Law Reforms Proposals.
Approaches to Sentencing: Alternatives to Imprisonment Probation,
Corrective Labour, Fines Collective fines, Reparation of the offenders by the
court. Sentencing: Principle to sentencing, Main types of sentences the Panel
Code and Special laws, sentencing for white collar crime, Pre-sentence
hearing, sentencing for habitual offender, summary punishment, plea
bargaining.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Chabra: The Quantum of Punishment in Criminal (1970)
- 2. H.L.A.Hart: Punishment and Responsibility (1968)
- 3. A Siddique: Criminology (1984) Eastern, Lakhnow.
- 4. K.S.Shukla: Sociology of Deviant Behaviour in 3 ICSSR Survey of Sociology and Social Anthropology 1969-179(1986)
- 5. Tapas Kumar Benerjee: Back-round to Indian Criminal Law (1990)
- 6. Tapas Kumar Benerjee: Back -round to Indian Criminal Law(1990).

Paper-IV-Law Relating to Special Penal Legislation Relating to <u>Women</u>

Dowry Prohibition Act Protection of Women on Domestic ViolenceAct. Prevention of Commission of Sati Act.

Paper-V-Dissertation

-:{Specialization: (B) Personal Law }:-

<u>Paper-I- Un-Codified & Codified Hindu Law relating to</u> <u>Marriage</u>

Nature of Hindu Marriage; Essential Conditions and Solemnization of a valid Hindu Marriage; Nullity of Marriage, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Judicial Separation and Divorce – its various theories and grounds; Maintenance a pendent and Permanent Alimony.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Raghvachair: Hindu Law.
- 2. Saharary H.K.: Modern Hindu Law
- 3. Mitra: Principles of Hindu Law
- 4. Mulla: The Principles of Hindu Law
- 5. G.S.S. Sastri and Bhular: Hindu Law
- 6. Paras Diwan: Modern Hindu Law
- 7. UPD Kesri: Hindu Law.
- 8. Dr.R.R.Morya: Hindu Law
- 9. P.v. Kane: History of Dharmasastras

Paper-II-Hindu Law relating to Minority, Guardianship & Succession

Minority and Guardianship-Definition of Hindu Minior and Guardianship; Kinds and Power of Guardians.

Succession- Meaning of Succession, Devolution of Mitakshasa Coparcener Property. Succession in respect of the separate property of a Male Hindu during intestate-Heirs and distribution of property among them. Hindu Women Property; Succession in respect of Female Hindu during intestate, Heir and Distribution of Property among them; General Rules relating to succession and disqualification of heirs.

$Suggested\ readings:$

- 1. Raghvachair: Hindu Law.
- 2. Saharary H.K.: Modern Hindu Law
- 3. Mitra: Principles of Hindu Law
- 4. Mulla: The Principles of Hindu Law
- 5. G.S.S. Sastri and Bhular: Hindu Law
- 6. Paras Diwan: Modern Hindu Law
- 7. UPD Kesri: Hindu Law.

8. Dr.R.R.Morya: Hindu Law

9. P.v. Kane: History of Dharmasastras 10. Dattak Mimansa & Dattak Chandrika.

Paper -III-Muslim Law relating to Property

Pre-Emption; Hiba; Will; Wakf and Principal of All and Raddh.

Suggested readings:

- 1. Tyabji :Mohammedan Law
- 2. Ameer Ali : Mohammedan Law
- 3. Abdur Rahim: The Principle of Mohammedan Jurispridence
- 4. Akil Ahamad: Mohammedan Law
- 5. Sharma Bharu Sarkar : Mohammedan Law
- 6. Mulla: Mohammedan Law
- 7. Fyzee AAA: Outlines of Mohammedan Law

Paper-IV-Law Relating to Special Marriage Act, 1954

Definitions, Marriage Officers, Conditions of special marriage, Objection to marriage, Powers of Marriage officers, Certificate of marriage, Registration of Marriage, Appeals, Consequences of Marriage under this Act., Restitutions of Conjugal Rights and Judicial Separation, Nullity and Divorce of Marriage, Punishment and Penalty Provisions.

Paper-V-Dissertation

Candidates are required to submit a dissertation of about 150-200 pages on a topic from the optional group offered by them. The dissertation is expected to be an indepth and critical analysis of a legal problem of contemporary significance in the field chosen by the candidate and must incorporate copious reference to judicial decisions, law review articles, books, monographs relevant to the topic in the form of footnotes and bibliographical references.

The dissertation will carry 100 marks and it should be submitted (Three copies) to Head of the Department one month before the Semester ends i.e. the Second Semester. The supervisor for dissertation shall be the teaching member of the Deptt. of Law. The students will be assigned the topic for dissertation by their supervisor in consultation with the Head of the Department within a month after the Semester has started.

After the dissertations have been submitted they shall be evaluated by the external examiner along with the Head of the Department and/or internal examiner. The examiner will evaluate the dissertation taking into account the following points:

- (a) Coverage of subject matter.
- (b) Arrangement and presentation.
- (c) Research Methodology
- (d) Nature of references and materials used.
- (e) Critical appreciation and original contribution of the candidate.

Note: The students have to write their dissertations as per the guidelines of Research Methodology given below.

-: GUIDELINES FOR DOCTRINAL RESEARCH.:-

A. Research scholars are required to follow the steps given below for preparation of Doctrinal Research

Research Methodology:

- 1. Title of the Study
- 2. Problem of the study
- 3. Rationale of the study
- 4. Objectives of the study
- 5. Hypothesis
- 6. Review of Literature
- 7. Operational concepts & Variables of the study
- 8. Research Design
- (i) Nature/ Type of the study
- (ii) Method of Data Collection
- (iii) Sources of Data Collection
- 9. Limitations of Study
- 10. Time Schedule

- 11. Possible contribution of the study
- 12. Chapterisation

B. Doctrinal Research shall have the following structure:

Cover

Cover page

Certificate

Acknowledgement

List of Case Laws.

List of Tables

Abbreviations

Contents

Introduction

A. Theoretical Background

B. Research Methodology (As given in A.)

Chapter I

Chapter II

Chapter III

Chapter IV

Chapter V

Major Findings, Conclusions and Suggestion.

Bibliography

Annexures:

Acts, Bills, Maps, etc

C. Step by step procedure to be followed for Doctrinal Research:

- (1) Approval of the title
- (2) Collection of material
- (3) Review of literature
- (4) Problem
- (5) Objectives
- (6) Rationale
- (7) Hypothesis
- (8) Chapterization
- (9) Collection of Data
- (10) Analysis and Interpretation of data
- (11) Report Writing
- (12) Preparation of Bibliography
- (13) Preparation of List of cases
- (14) Abbreviation

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School of Law Opjs University, Churu (Rajasthan)